THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1774. THE NUMBER 408.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Open to ALL PARTIES, but influenced by NONE.

Mrs. RIND,

If you think the following lines of importance sufficient to deserve a place in your paper, please to insert them; also be kind enough to transmit a copy to the other printers.

OF all the northern colonies, Pennsylvania has ever been the most vigilant to discover, and active to avail herself of, every commercial advantage. Maryland, too, of late, has exhibited some symptoms of attention to her true interests. Aware of the profits accruing from the Indian and frontier trade, in her last assembly, she has taken into consideration the state of her public roads, and levied several thousand pounds, to render more tolerable the capital pass over the Aleghany only.

Virginia, regardless of emoluments of this kind, still continues in a profound lethargy; and while the transmontane territories of Penn and Baltimore, during the space of several years past, have, notwithstanding the senseless prohibiting proclamation, been rapidly peopled, those of this colony remain, in a manner, unseated, except a small spot bordering on Pennsylvania, seized on by needy or foreign adventurers. To apply a remedy to this evil, it was destined to the good sense and activity of Lord Dunmore. Not contented with the reports of partial or uncertain fame, disregarding his own ease, and the difficulties of a tedious journey, through almost impassable and uninhabited mountains, his lordship penetrated to the seat of our grievances, and on the spot rendered himself an eye and ear witness of the indispensable necessity of granting the back lands, and by doing this, not only to deal justice to his own people, but with the same blow to give a check a the aspiring and encroaching spirit of the princely proprietor, who has been boldly venturing to extend his writs and precepts an hundred miles beyond his true limits far into the government of Virginia. To this end, his lordship's leading step was appointing a militia officer to preside at Fort Pitt, and magistrates to transact the business incident to their office in that quarter of Augusta. By this judicious measure our countrymen there might expect to be relieved from the intolerable inconvenience of being dragged before the tribunals of Penn. These were their hopes. How vain! for behold the issue. These officers, the captain, commandant, and the justices, were threatened with the horrors of a gaol if they but ventured to act in virtue of their commissions. This, however, did not deter the spirited Captain Connelly from doing his duty. Notwithstanding these, I will not call them impotent threats, he ordered and appointed a muster; but an unlucky circumstance rendered the captain incapable of giving attendance. For the day before he was to have met his officers and men the haughty Pennsylvanians realized their threats, and conducted him to prison.

To the guardians, therefore, Madam, of our rights and privileges, I drop these few loose hints, and shall detain neither you nor the public longer than just to close with this query: Whether the establishing our courts of justice upon a certain footing, adjusting the boundaries of our colony and counties, and in consequence, determining what lands may, or may not, with propriety and safety, be located and surveyed by the late military grantees, are not objects of that importance as to demand the immediate consideration of the legislature? Or if deferred until the summer, whether that short delay must not prove the sure fruitful course of litigation, confusion, and dispute?

A VIRGINIAN.

WARSAW, *November* 24.

IT is certain that the King our sovereign has fully ratified the treaties concluded with the three neighbouring powers. Is is said that the Prussian minister had insisted that the absent delegates should subscribe the treaty with his court, but the thing is almost impossible, as several of them are actually at Petersburg, and others are in different parts. It was thought the demand of this minister would have served for a pretence to keep the Prussian troops in Poland, but they are actually on their march, and the regiment of Belling is to arrive the 1st of December at Nakel, a small Prussian town beyond the frontiers. General Lostow has also quitted his quarters near Rawicz, and the generals Lentulus and Richecourt have left this city. We also learn that the Austrian troops have orders to march, which causes the greater satisfaction here, as the first article of the treaties being so punctually observed, gives room to hope the others will be strictly adhered to.

VIENNA, *November* 27. Last week a courier arrived here from Versailles, and another from Constantinople. It is assured that two powerful monarchs have declared to the Porte that if she should not accept the conditions of peace proposed by Russia, they would send next spring an army of 100,000 men into the Ottoman empire.—Some late advices from Constantinople assure that the Grand Signior's indisposition is turning to a dropsy, and that Moussoun Oglou was actually invested with the dignity of Grand Vizier. If this news is confirmed, affairs will turn greatly in favour of the Russians.

NAPLES, *November* 16. An order has been issued for the embarkation of about 450 men from hence, who are to join near a thousand more at Messina, and to march into the neighbourhood of Palermo. Count Corofa, and the troops destined for Sicily, are detained here by bad weather.—The Maestranza of Palermo (consisting of the tradesmen of that city) feeling the effects of a total stagnation in their business, and of the irregularities of the lowest class of people (who taking advantage of the present confusion, commit every enormity) shew their zeal by acting with the utmost severity against the rabble, several of whom have been executed, some sent hither, and the gaols filled with others. They have likewise, it is said, requested this government to assist them with troops, in order to restore tranquility to their capital.

VIENNA, *December* 1. We have just received intelligence that the Russians have taken Bazarzick, without firing a shot, where they found 22 pieces of cannon, one mortar, and a great treasure which the Turks had hidden under ground; they have besides taken a large stud of horses, and made 200 Turks prisoners.

Letters from Constantinople, dated November 3, mention, that accounts have been received that the Chan Dewlet Gueray had not succeeded in his enterprize against the Crimea, and that the Murzes Tartars, who would have seconded him, have been punished with death by the Russians.

Accounts are this moment received that Chiek Daher has taken Bareuth; he was assisted by a division of the Russian fleet, but this account wants confirmation.

A courier is just arrived from Warsaw, with certain advice, not only of the treaty of cession being signed with the courts of Vienna, Petersburg, and Berlin, but has brought to their Imperial Highnesses the ratification of the King of Poland, dated the 19th of November, signed by the four chancellors, and sealed with the great seals of Poland and Lithuania.

WARSAW, *December* 6. Letters of good authority from the Danube, dated November 9, bring an account that the towns of Silistria and Bazardzick are taken by the Russians, and that the Ottoman army was routed, and forced to leave their artillery, baggage, &c. to the conquerors.

LONDON, *December* 14.

AN express was dispatched last night from the admiralty office to the Right Honourable Lord Sandwich, at his seat at Hinchinbroke Priory, in Huntingdonshire.

The marchioness of Caermarthen, when presented at court under her new title, had 70,000l. worth of jewels about her person.

The marchioness was presented by lady Ancram. Their Majesties received her in the white and silver favours they condescended to accept as a nuptial compliment, and said abundance of gracious things to her on the occasion.

Sunday the Duke and Dutchess of Gloucester dined with her Royal Highness the Princess Amelia, at her house in Cavendish Square.

Yesterday a cause was tried before Lord Mansfield, in the court of King's Bench, Westminster, wherein a partner in a tavern was plaintiff, and a person who keeps a coffeehouse was defendant. The action was brought to recover damages for defamation, in calling the plaintiff by a very opprobrious name, in a public company, at a house of entertainment. The jury, which was special, withdrew for a few minutes, and found a verdict for the plaintiff, with 300l. damages.

A letter from York, after mentioning the late astonishing performance of Mr. Powell's walking from London to York and back again in six days, adds, "he came betwixt Tadcaster and this place (nine miles) in one hour and seven minutes. For the last three miles several persons attempted to keep pace with him, but in vain. He is a native of Horsforth, near Leeds, in this county, is middle aged, slender, and about 5 feet 8 inches high."

Monday night, as a man and his wife were quarrelling at the Three Goats public house, in Charles street, Rotherhithe, the landlord interposed, and took the wife's part, which so enraged the husband that he took the poker out of the fire, and striking the publican on the head, killed him on the spot. The villain immediately absconded.

By the last accounts of the new bridge committee, it appears that the tolls gathered on the Black Friars bridge exceeded, last year, the sum of 7000l.

We hear it is now actually under the consideration of government to impose a tax yearly upon every one (the army excepted) that shall wear swords, cutlasses, &c. There are two ends proposed by this tax; first, to raise money without oppressing the poor; and secondly, to deprive thieves of the use of such weapons.

The people of England pay, at this time, above treble the sum in taxes that they did in the reign of King William.

It is said Mr. Powell, about two years ago, went on foot to York to get some leases signed, and returned the same way in less time than six days.

Mr. Powell's journey to York was certainly the greatest thing of the kind ever performed, and he deserves the warmest gratitude and encouragement from all who have profited by the sweat of his brow. But Mr. John Waite, of the King of Prussia, Wych-street, we are credibly informed, has undertaken to go 18 miles in an hour, within one month's time from the 4th instant. Mr. Waite once run 100 miles within 18 hours, and has frequently beat the famous running Shepherd's boy. He is to run in the artillery ground; and our correspondent says, if the weather is fair, there is a great probability of his doing it. The bet is for 500l. and several parties concerned.

It is said, that should the new parliament in general be a patriotic one *(a consummation devoutly to be wished)* a proper enquiry will be immediately made into what is commonly called the crown law, and that such part of it *only* will be preserved as requires a consistent (not a servile) respect to the regal prerogative, as agreeable to the true spirit of the constitution in an official sense, *and that* all and every part of it as shall be found repugnant, dangerous, and obnoxious, to the liberty of the subject, and inconsistent with the idea of a limited monarchy, will deservedly be repealed, and utterly rejected.

Notwithstanding the report that gains ground all over the kingdom, that a new coinage of silver will be called in, it may be depended upon that no plan is yet settled by government for that purpose. Something of this kind was indeed proposed some time ago by a noble lord in administration; but upon examining into the matter, it was judged impolitic to distress the nation about the silver coin, when it was not recovered from the distress which the regulation of the gold coin had involved it in.

The present state of administration seems truly pitiable: The treasury here totally exhausted; that of Ireland in no better condition; the civil list in both kingdoms considerably in arrears; that blessed ministerial babe of grace, the Irish absentee tax, smothered in the birth. To extricate them from such great and united difficulties will require little less than the interposition of a miracle.

We learn from the best authority that M. Le Count de Guignes will not return to this court, being appointed by his most christian majesty to negociate a secret treaty at Petersburg.

It is now a matter of consideration at Versailles whether Count Guignes shall or shall not come to England in his former capacity. Till the point is settled we hear that Lord Stormont will not set out from hence on his embassy.

On Tuesday last the Right Honourable Lord Holland passed through Salisbury from Winterslowhouse, in his way to Bath, without stopping, except just to call on the mayor, and leave fifty pounds with him, for the benefit of the poor, and a guinea to the ringers of each parish church. His lordship also stopped at the county gaol, and gave the governor ten guineas for the benefit of the prisoners.

On Saturday evening laſt ſeveral of the friends of Lord Buckley, "ſons of Mona," met to celebrate his lordſhip's coming of age, who is now abroad on his travels. This young nobleman will, in all probability, be an ornament to his country; as the moſt affable complacency ſhines conſpicuous in him, at the ſame time that he is very attentive in the ſtudy of every branch of literature, neceſſary to form the hero and the ſtateſman.

Letters from Berlin adviſe that a good underſtanding ſubſiſts between the courts of Peterſburg and Berlin, notwithſtanding ſome reports to the contrary have been circulated. As ſome proof of it, the letters inform us that when Colonel Dolgorucki had an audience of the Princeſs of Pruſſia, to notify the marriage of the grand duke to a Princeſs of Heſſe Darmſtadt, the colonel had the honour to preſent her royal highneſs with the enſigns of the order of St. Catharine ſet with diamonds, valued at 20,000 roubles; on the receipt of which the princeſs preſented the colonel with a beautiful ſnuff box, enriched with diamonds.

The Favourite, of Whitehaven, Fiſher, maſter, arrived at New York in September laſt, with 140 emigrants, all of them in good health, ſaid to be the moſt able, likely cargo, landed on the continent for theſe three years. From the favourable reports ſent by theſe paſſengers to their friends in England, of the good proviſion and accommodations by the merchants, Meſſieurs Fletchers and company, we hear that ſeveral hundreds of people, in different parts of Yorkſhire, are preparing to embark thither in April next.

The Porte has lately been delivered from an enemy who had formerly much embarraſſed him on the ſide of Epirus; this was Stefano Piccolo, chief of the revolted Montenegrins, who, taking on himſelf the name of Peter III. Emperor of Ruſſia, drew on himſelf for ſome time the notice of ſeveral powers. They have, however, juſt received advice that this impoſtor had been killed by a Grecian ſlave, with the ſtroke of an ax, who was lucky enough afterwards to eſcape his purſuers, and arrive at Scutari, where he was received with the acclamations of the people, and has been treated with great diſtinction by the Baſha of that place, who has made him many rich preſents.

Extract of a letter from Prague, *dated* November 27.

"His imperial Majeſty's orders have juſt arrived here for raiſing eight thouſand recruits in this kingdom, to complete his new model of the army, which will be the fineſt in Europe, the King of Pruſſia's not excepted. As great encouragement is given to men who enter into the Emperor's ſervice, they are daily flocking to the ſtandard, and the number will ſoon be compleated. Orders have likewiſe arrived for the repair of all the fortifications through Bohemia."

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, *dated* December 2.

"The delegation ſtill continues ſitting; but no buſineſs of any importance is as yet proceeded on, owing to the degree of ſtrength with which they inſiſt on the foreign troops quitting the kingdom. The Generals Lentulus, Bibicow, and Haddicke, have had ſeveral conferences with the delegates on this ſubject; but the Pruſſian and Ruſſian generals not conſenting to withdraw their reſpective troops, the Auſtrian general makes that a plea for detaining his."

There is a ſcheme of infinite conſequence to the public under conſideration. An engineer, well ſkilled in rendering rivers navigable, ſays it is very practicable to demoliſh every lock upon the upper navigation of the Thames, and the commiſſioners by ſupplying the roads with the gravel may ſave ten thouſand pounds a year. This calculation is at ſixpence a ton; if the truſtees of the road can afford one ſhilling, the revenue will be infinitely greater.

We are aſſured that ſeveral very material regulations in the manner of conducting the buſineſs in his Majeſty's dockyards, are now under conſideration at the admiralty board, where they have received the higheſt approbation, and will ſoon be carried into execution.

By very authentic accounts from the Weſt Indies we learn that the Spaniards have 13 ſail of the line, many frigates, &c. and 11 regiments of Old Spain at the Havannah only.

Extract of a letter from Airſhire, *dated* December 4.

"On Monday laſt the two revenue cutters commanded by Captain Campbell and Captain Crawford fell in with a large armed ſmuggling cutter on the coaſt of Airſhire, and after a chace, which continued for ſome time, the maſter of the ſmuggler found himſelf ſo hard preſſed by the revenue veſſels that he run his veſſel aſhore near the Trune Point, where he and his crew, exceeding 30 in number, eſcaped to the ſhore in their long boat. The veſſel is mounted with eight carriage guns, beſides ſwivels and ſmall arms, and it is thought to belong to Ruſh, in Ireland."

Extract of a letter from Avignon, *in* France, *to a gentleman at* Dumfries, *in* Scotland, *dated in* October *laſt*.

"I have lately been informed that ſome time laſt ſummer died in the country of the Griſons, in Switzerland, at the age of 108 years, Sir James Halliday, who is a native of Dumfries, in Scotland, and created baronet by King James the Second, in whoſe ſervice he went into France in the year 1688, where, in a little village in Switzerland, he reſided to the time of his death; the latter part of his life having been ſpent in the moſt indigent circumſtances; as he was never married, his title devolves to the deſcendants of a younger brother, who many years ſince ſettled in Glouceſter and Wiltſhire.

Extract of a letter from Exeter, *dated* December 11.

"The luxury of the metropolis have for a long time paſt been creeping down into theſe parts, and I ſuppoſe vice will ſoon blaze in as full ſplendour here as at London; the natural conſequence of the admiſſion of the former.

We have our petty cheats and thieves here, though perhaps not ſo numerous, but time will, I ſuppoſe, enlarge their number. We had a ſingular adventurer made his appearance here laſt week, and I think ſome ſhort account of his proceedings, which are ſtrictly true, will not be unentertaining to you. A man about 50 years of age, and a Scotchman, came to Mr. Laindford, at Honiton (ſixteen miles from hence) acquainting him that his name was Laindford, that he was maſter of a ſhip lately caſt away, and entreated aſſiſtance to carry him to Plymouth; he received it. At this place he called on Mr. Kunniſon, linen draper, in the Fore ſtreet, to whom he ſaid his name was Kunniſon, and told the ſame ſtory as above. Mr. Kunniſon very generouſly, as he ſeemed in want of clothes, gave him a great coat, a ſhirt, and money to carry him on. At Newton Buſhel, to Mr. Akeman, of that town, his name was Akeman, and repeated his ſtory of loſing his ſhip; here he again was ſupplied with money (half a guinea) now he thought proper to alter his courſe, and return eaſtward. He came back to Exeter, called on Mr. Wilſon of this place (gardener) and ſaid his name was Wilſon, and that they were brothers. Mr. Wilſon was ſurprized at what the man ſaid, aſked him ſome queſtions, he replied "that he went to ſea at twelve years of age, and had not been to England ſince." This ſtory was true, a brother of Mr. Wilſon did go to ſea at that age, and he had not heard of him ſince, but he could anſwer no queſtions relative to the family, which occaſioned Mr. Wilſon to conſider a little before he received his relation, as our adventurer would perſuade him he was. In the evening our hero put up at the Turk's Head, in this city, and at night, it being fair time, and the houſe full of clothiers and other dealers, the three firſt named gentlemen happened to call in there on buſineſs, ſaw him, and the whole affair came out; he acknowledged the whole, and ſaid he did paſs for their ſeveral names, and that they were very kind to him, that he was their countryman (a Scotchman) and would return the favour whenever it was in his power, yet ſtill perſiſted he was brother to Wilſon, who being on particular buſineſs when ſent for, could not attend. A conſtable, at the deſire of Mr. Kunniſon, came, but refuſed taking the priſoner in charge, not being ſatisfied as to the rectitude thereof, and it then being too late to carry him before a magiſtrate, being paſt twelve o'clock, a diſpute aroſe about what ſhould be done with him; at laſt he was turned out of doors, and ſuffered to go about his buſineſs. I wiſh you would ſend this account to one of the papers that is moſt generally read, that it may be a caution to the public not to be taken in by pretended namefakes."

In the duel fought between Mr. T. and Mr. W. the banker, on Sunday, at four in the afternoon, in Hyde Park, each party fired their piſtols, and then drew their ſwords. Mr. W. is wounded in four places, Mr. T. ſlightly.

Laſt week the following affair happened at Eaſt Dereham, in Norfolk: As Mr. Wigg, an auctioner, was ſelling off the effects of a common brewer there, at the time of his knocking down a lot, with the uſual words *a going! a going!* the floor ſuddenly gave way, when between thirty and forty perſons fell into a cellar; ſeveral were very much bruiſed, but no lives loſt.

December 15. Yeſterday diſpatches were received at the ſecretary of ſtate's from his excellency the lord lieutenant of Ireland, which were immediately communicated to his Majeſty.

Yeſterday Lord North came to town from Buſhy Park, and immediately after waited on his Majeſty at the Queen's palace, where he had the honour of a long conference with his Majeſty upon ſome recent news received (as is ſuppoſed) from Ireland.

Within theſe two laſt months, ſince the arms of the empire of Ruſſia have been ſo ſucceſsful againſt the Turks, more than one or two potentates (the King of Great Britain is ſaid to be one) have offered to join her in totally overthrowing the Ottomans, which ſhe has abſolutely refuſed, ſaying, "that when ſhe ſolicited aſſiſtance, every King was deaf to her; now ſhe wants it not, ſhe will not have it forced upon her."

It is confidently reported that the King of Pruſſia has lately entered into ſome very extraordinary articles with the Empreſs of Ruſſia, which portends much evil to the Ottoman empire.

Mr. Wilkes, on hearing that the treaſury of England and Ireland were exhauſted, exclaimed, "By G—d, I wiſh I had the gleaning of them, I would ſoon bid adieu to patriotiſm!"

Great Britain, it is whiſpered, in many places, has it now actually under conſideration to compel the Empreſs of Ruſſia to come to more reaſonable terms of peace with the Grand Signior than thoſe ſhe propoſed ſome time ago. This is the buſineſs that Lord Sandwich was, as we are informed, ſent for from Hinchinbroke a day or two ago.

On Sunday laſt the Reverend Doctor Dodd made an excellent diſcourſe on the enormous ſin of perjury. The Doctor, in a moſt ſenſible and ſolemn manner, explained the nature of an oath, and painted that monſter of ſociety, the *falſe ſwearer*, in his proper colours, obſerving, at the ſame time, that the wretch who takes a falſe oath, without fear or ſhame, ruſhes into the preſence of his Maker, and ſets him at defiance; that ſuch a perſon was an enemy to ſociety in general, the worſt of ſubjects, and a moſt dangerous neighbour. It is hoped the clergy throughout the kingdom will think it a ſubject worthy their moſt ſerious conſideration.

The mode adopted by Lord H——— for the payment of his ſecond ſon's debts, which are ſaid to amount to 120,000l. is as follows: All his tradeſmen to be paid off immediately, his honourable creditors to be paid 25 per centum in ſix months time, 25 per centum more in one year, and the remainder in eighteen months. By a mode ſomewhat ſimilar to this he paid off his eldeſt ſon's debts laſt year, which amounted to 80,000l.

When the news arrived at Newcaſtle of the right honourable the lord mayor having ſucceeded in his election for one of the repreſentatives of this city, it was announced to the people there by ringing of bells until late in the evening.

A correſpondent remarks there cannot be a ſtronger proof of the interference of government in the laſt city election for members than in the vote of a certain eminent poulterer, not a hundred miles from Charing Croſs, who, let it be remembered, polled for the lord mayor, though he has the honour of his Majeſty's arms in the front of his houſe.

There is now in this metropolis a gentleman who has acquired a fortune of 150,000l. by gaming.

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, December 3.

"The King has at laſt taken away the laſt remains of ariſtocratic power, by depriving the nobility of the precidencies of the colleges, and veſting the giſt of thoſe poſts of honour entirely in himſelf. The nobility have in vain endeavoured to recover ſeveral parts of their power and honour. The King has taken ſuch effectual meaſures that they are entirely deprived of the means, and the people are greatly pleaſed with the meaſure."

Extract of a letter from Hatfield, *dated* December 9.

"Friday laſt being the wedding day of the Right Honourable Lord Cranbourn, it was obſerved here with great joy and feſtivity; the bells were kept ringing all day; in the evening bonfires were made, and illuminations ſet up. John S———e, Eſquire, our worthy magiſtrate, gave two butts of beer to the populace, and health and long life to Lord and Lady Cranbourn were drank with loud and repeated huzzas. Parties were made at different houſes in the evening, and every body ſeemed to teſtify their joy on ſo happy an event."

The gentlemen who lately fought a duel in Hyde Park met about four o'clock in the afternoon, under the wall, near the ſpot where the ſoldiers are uſually ſhot. They had no ſeconds, nor was any perſon within ſight of them, but a boy, who was exerciſing a horſe. This boy, we are told, rode up to the combatants, and threatened to ride over them if they did not deſiſt, but he was ordered to keep off at his peril. As the boy tells the ſtory, the luſty gentleman fell in making a lounge at his antagoniſt, and received a wound after he fell; on which the boy exclaimed againſt the unfairneſs of ſuch conduct, which put a ſtop to any further injury, and ſo the duel ended. A man, who heard the report of the piſtols, had the curioſity to clamber over the wall, but, it is ſaid, not time enough to be witneſs of the tranſaction.

The following appeared ſome time ago in the daily papers: "We can, with pleaſure, aſſure the public, that notwithſtanding the fair chance a certain general officer has of getting his enlargement next term, he is uſing every means by ſale of his eſtates, pictures, &c. to ſatisfy *all* his creditors."

How abſurd muſt the above paragraph appear, when it is well known a poor news carrier has called time after time for *ſixteen ſhillings* which the above mentioned general officer owes for newſpapers, and which to this day remains unſatisfied?

A correſpondent ſays he could ſincerely wiſh that both theatres were kept open all the ſummer, to play alternately, and the profits ariſing to be occaſionally applied towards encreaſing the Foundling Hoſpital fund, and that raiſed by the Thatched Houſe committee, for the relief of perſons confined for ſmall debts.

December 16. Yeſterday a cauſe was heard in the court of King's Bench, at Guildhall, in which the point in diſpute was, whether a perſon's being denied by his wife to one of his creditors, and alſo retiring from his houſe into the rules of the King's Bench (though he was not a priſoner during the time) for ſeveral weeks, ſhould be deemed acts of bankruptcy, which was determined in the affirmative.

December 17. So critical are the affairs of the neighbouring kingdom at this juncture, that a very great man in the cabinet has been heard to declare he would not enſure a peace for ſix months at any price.

Wedneſday General Keppell ſet out for the ſouth of France for the recovery of his health.

Extract of a letter from Vienna, *dated* December 2.

"We have juſt received authentic advices that General Soltakow has defeated and diſperſed a very large body of Turks, amounting to eleven thouſand horſe and foot, under Hinman Baſſa, ſon to the La-

cha of that name, in Wallachia, where they had made head, and poſſeſſed themſelves of ſome very important places, but were at laſt forced to an engagement in the open field by the general, who entirely routed them, took 1500 priſoners, with all the artillery, baggage, &c. 2000 of the Turks were killed, and 3000 wounded. The Ruſſians had above 4000 men killed and wounded."

Extract of a letter from Venice, *dated* November 12.

"By a felucca juſt arrived expreſs from the Archipelago we learn that a very ſevere engagement has lately paſſed in the Black Sea, off the coaſt of Romania, between a ſmall ſquadron of the Ruſſians, conſiſting of a 50 gun ſhip, and two frigates of 20 guns, and ſeven Turkiſh veſſels of force, with a Raguſan ſhip of 60 guns. The action began early in the morning, and laſted till three in the afternoon, when the Turks fled, the Raguſan ſhip being taken, and two others ſunk. The Ruſſians were much diſabled, and loſt a great number of men."

December 18. They write from Portſmouth, that on Thurſday laſt arrived there a ſquadron of Ruſſian men of war, under the command of Admiral Greig, which will ſail in a few days for Turkey, to join the fleet already there.

The Chicheſter, Collins, from Liverpool to Dublin, having no pilot on board, ſtruck upon a rock, called the Burboe, is overſet, and entirly loſt.

They write from Norway, that the contrary winds and tempeſts have driven vaſt numbers of ſhips into their ports. They reckon 88 at Merdoe, and above 100 at Mandahl and Klevene, and many more in other ports; ſo that in the compaſs of 22 miles there are 1200 ſhips, the crews of which are reckoned to amount to 12,000 men.

Yeſterday died, at his houſe in Privy Gardens, Whitehall, Andrew Stone, Eſquire, treaſurer to the Queen, and tutor to his Majeſty when Prince of Wales.

December 20. Some diſpatches lately received at the admiralty from Sir Peter Dennis, commander in chief of his Majeſty's fleet in the Mediterranean, it is ſaid, contain ſome very intereſting intelligence of what is carrying on in that quarter by both the French and Spaniards.

We are credibly informed that a mechanic in Deptford Yard has invented a machine for meaſuring a ſhip's way at ſea in any weather, and that Lord Sandwich has ordered one of them to be tried.

It is ſaid that the Barbarian princes have joined together a little fleet, conſiſting of 16 ſail, which they intend to ſend as an aſſiſtance to the Ottoman Porte to ſerve againſt Ruſſia.

December 21. A letter from Warſaw ſays, that, according to advices from Lemberg, the Auſtrians grant many privileges there to the diſſidents, and that, in order to draw thither more merchants and mechanics, they have given permiſſion to build them a church there.—General Romanzow received letters yeſterday, with advice of the taking of Varna by the Ruſſians.

Accounts from the Lower Elbe, of December 14, mention that they have received letters which confirm that the Ruſſians took the town of Siliſtria by ſtorm the 29th of October, O. S. and that the whole Turkiſh army was defeated.

On Sunday a meſſenger was diſpatched to the lord chancellor at Fairy Hill, with ſome commiſſions, which paſſed the great ſeal, and were returned to town immediately.

Yeſterday a commiſſion paſſed the ſeal, authorizing Simon Earl of Harcourt to give the royal aſſent to a bill for laying a ſtamp duty on vellum, parchment, paper, &c. in Ireland; and to a bill for raiſing the ſum of 265,000l. by life annuities, with benefit of ſurvivorſhip.

The ſame night a meſſenger was ſent from Lord Rochford's office with diſpatches, and the above returned bills, to his excellency the lord lieutenant of Ireland.

We hear from France, that a calculation has been made of the damage done by the late blowing up of a powder mill at Abbeville; the number of perſons killed at the time, and who have ſince died of their wounds, amount to 27; about 130 are ſtill alive, 20 of which are in a dangerous way; 57 houſes were totally deſtroyed, and 1077 very much ſhattered. The whole loſs is computed at 16,275l. ſterling.

WILLIAMSBURG, *March* 3.

Laſt Saturday evening, about 7 o'clock, arrived here, to the great joy of the inhabitants, the Right Honourable Lady DUNMORE, the amiable conſort of our worthy governor the Right Honourable Lord Dunmore, with ſix of their ſons and daughters, to wit, Lord Fincaſtle, and the Honourable Alexander and John Murray; Ladies Catharine, Auguſta, and Suſan Murray. They were accompanied by Captain Foy and his Lady throughout their tour from New York to this city. Upon their arrival at York, they were ſaluted by the cannon; and every other mark of reſpect was paid to thoſe illuſtrious characters by all the inhabitants of that place. Immediately after this intelligence reached Williamſburg, the people proceeded to illuminate their houſes, and when ſhe entered the city, every countenance plainly evinced the pleaſure within, at the ſame time expreſſing their peculiar happineſs that Lady DUNMORE was arrived at this metropolis. A great number of the moſt reſpectable citizens, and many from the country, who had been informed of her arrival, attended the carriages, in order to ſee her Ladyſhip ſafe at the PALACE, and then returned to their reſpective homes, determining to ſhew their regard, the ſucceeding Monday, by FIREWORKS, which, though not the moſt magnificent (as, indeed, could not be well expected) yet the goodneſs of Lady DUNMORE, we hear, readily excuſed it, ſaying that ſhe was extremely thankful for the kind endeavours of the gentlemen who undertook the management of them, as well as to every one elſe that attended.

By a LADY.

HAIL, noble Charlotte! Welcome to the plain,
Where your lov'd Lord preſides o'er the domain:
But who can ſpeak the rapture that he proves,
To ſee at once ſix pledges of your loves?
Methinks I view him claſp you to his breaſt,
In ſpeechleſs tranſport his fond love confeſs'd.
By ſympathy of ſouls each other bleſs;
He, conſcious of your worth, ne'er loves you leſs.
You for his ſake all danger diſregard,
And in his arms you meet your fond reward.
Your lovely offspring croud to his embrace,
While he with joy their growing beauties trace;
And while the father in his boſom glows,
The tears of pleaſure from each cherub flows;
All eager preſſing round about his knees,
In ſweet conteſt, their father moſt to pleaſe.
O charming group! So blooming, and ſo fair,
In virtue rear'd by thy maternal care:
Long may they live—to virtue ſtill aſpire,
And catch the bright example of their ſire.
May watchful Angels ever guard their fate,
And make you happy as you're good and great;
May health and joy ſtill in your houſe preſide,
And ſweet content ſmile round your ſtre ſide.
Believe me, Lady, ſimple, void of art,
My wiſhes flow ſpontaneous from the heart:
May every day like this bring joy to thee;
This cannot fail of giving joy to me.

Amidſt the general ſatisfaction which reigned at York, on account of her ladyſhip's arrival, an accident happened that gave great pain to all preſent, and particularly, it is ſaid, to Lady Dunmore. Mr. Thomas Archer, and Mr. Benjamin Minnis, being extremely active in managing the cannon, but by ramming the rod too violently againſt the iron within, it occaſioned a kind of friction, as is ſuppoſed, which communicated to the powder, and the above gentlemen being very near the gun when it went off, they received conſiderable damage; the arms, face, and eyes, of Mr. Archer, being bruiſed in a moſt dreadful manner. Mr. Minnis was much hurt in the thigh, and othewiſe terribly wounded. Captain Lilly was alſo bruiſed about the eye, though ſlightly. Two Negroes that aſſiſted were dreadfully mangled, one of them having loſt three fingers off his right hand; the other is much burnt in the face, and his eyes are ſo much hurt, that it is thought he will never recover their uſe. Fortunately, none of their lives are deſpaird of.

To his Excellency the Right Honourable JOHN Earl of DUNMORE, his Majeſty's Lieutenant and Governor General of the colony and dominion of Virginia, and Vice Admiral of the ſame.

The humble ADDRESS of the city of WILLIAMSBURG.

MY LORD,

WE his Majeſty's dutiful and loyal ſubjects the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and common council, of the city of Williamſburg, beg leave to offer our moſt cordial congratulations on the ſafe arrival of your lady and family at the ſeat of your Excellency's government. Impreſſed with a warm ſenſe of the wiſdom of your adminiſtration, and engaged, by your many private virtues, on the ſide of whatever may contribute to advance your happineſs, we rejoice that your important ſtation here is no longer an avocation from domeſtic felicity; of which we ſincerely wiſh a long, very long continuance, to yourſelf, the Counteſs of DUNMORE, and every branch of your noble family. And we flatter ourſelves, my Lord, that the country will prove ſo healthy, and in every reſpect ſo agreeable, that they will have no reaſon to conſider their removal hither as too great a ſacrifice for the obtaining that deſirable end.

To which his Excellency was pleaſed to return the following ANSWER.

GENTLEMEN,

THE very friendly manner in which you expreſs your congratulations and kind wiſhes affords me the moſt pleaſing ſatisfaction, and never ſhall be forgotten by me; and I can aſſure you that the great happineſs I now enjoy, by the arrival of my family, is ſtill encreaſed by the hopes that it may prove an additional bond of mutual attachment between the citizens of Williamſburg and me.

The COLLEGE have alſo addreſſed his LORDSHIP, to which he has returned equally as polite an anſwer as the above. We ſhould have inſerted them in this week's paper, but it being entirely made out, and ready for the preſs, muſt plead an excuſe for that omiſſion.

Captain Markham, of the ſhip Johnſon, from Liverpool, bound up the Bay, ſpoke a ſloop called the Delight, Captain Frenchor Prince, in latitude 32, 68, who had loſt her bowſprit and ſquareſail yard, in a violent gale of wind, and had bore away for Bermuda. And a ſchooner belonging to Mr. Ritchie, from Rappahannock for one of the Weſt India Iſlands, was lately loſt, and all the crew periſhed. Alſo a brig, the property of Mr. Samuel Griffin, from Rappahannock for Philadelphia, with a valuable cargo of wheat, is loſt, owing to the pumps choaking; providentially, all the people were ſaved.

The Lucy, James, from Briſtol, via Tobago, the James, Aſhburn, from Liverpool, the Olive, Barraß, from Whitehaven, the Suſanna, Dobbie, and the Elizabeth, Leitch, from London, are arrived in James river.

On Thurſday the 24th ult. was married, Colonel EDWARD MOSELEY, junior, one of the repreſentatives for Princeſs Anne, to Miſs PATSY WESTWOOD, of Elizabeth City; an amiable young lady.

☞ The gentleman that ſent us this account deſires us to inſert the *encloſed*, which we imagine was a character, or copy of verſes; but as we received nothing but the bare account, we hope he will not think any neglect has been ſhewn on our ſide. He has our ſincere thanks for his good wiſhes towards us, and we ſhall always be happy whenever he will put it in our power to merit them.

MRS. RIND,

I WAS born in one of the moſt noted counties in England for making great crops of wheat: I lately paſſed through Virginia to North Carolina, and again returned, higher up the country, to the northward, and I verily think there is a proſpect of a prodigious crop of wheat, and that Virginia bids fair to be the firſt market for that valuable commodity of all the provinces upon the continent. I ſpeak this from what I have ſeen, having paſſed from New-England to North Carolina ſince September laſt.

I am, Madam,
Your humble ſervant,
A TRAVELLER.

MRS. RIND,

Do inſert the following, and you will oblige
ALEXIS.

SWEET innocence, a ſprightly air,
And flow of ſpirits form the fair;
Love's queen, in whom all charms combine,
Looks not more graceful or divine.
Young, yet diſcreet, by taſte refin'd,
Wit, humour, mirth, adorns her mind;
Averſe to pride, to meekneſs prone,
This ſhe prefers; lets that alone.
Kind, gentle, good, majeſtic, ſwee,
In her alone perfections meet.
None of her ſex who crown the toaſt,
Such beauty, or ſuch worth, can boaſt.
Of SURRY.

WILLIAMSBURG, February 28, 1774.

NOTICE *is hereby given to all perſons concerned, that the* LAND OFFICE, *which has been ſome time ſhut by an inſtruction from his Majeſty, is now again opened for the purpoſe of iſſuing patents for all lands (not being on any of the weſtern waters) for which orders of council have been obtained, or certificates on petitions for lapſed land, or for which entries had been made with any ſurveyor previous to the receipt of the ſaid inſtruction.*

By order of his EXCELLENCY.
JOHN BLAIR, *Cl. Con.*

To be LET, to the loweſt bidder, on Monday the 21ſt inſtant, March, at Hickory Neck church, in Bliſland pariſh, James City county.

A BRICK ADDITION to the ſaid church; the dimenſions to be agreed on at the day of letting. Great part of the money will be ready in hand; the undertaker to give bond and ſecurity for the performance of his contract.

THE CHURCHWARDENS.

FOR SALE,

And may be entered on at CHRISTMAS,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, in Warwick county, on Warwick river, and adjoining the land of Colonel Carter Braxton, containing about 250 acres, the ſoil of which is well adapted for producing wheat, corn, or tobacco, has plenty of good pine and oak timber; there is on it a commodious dwellinghouſe quite new, a good kitchen, dairy, ſmokehouſe, barn, and crib, with a beautiful young apple orchard. I ſhould be glad any perſon that has a mind to purchaſe to make application as ſoon as poſſible. Part of the purchaſe money to be paid on the day of acknowledgment, and credit will be allowed for the other part till January next, or longer, if required, on giving bond, with approved ſecurity, to MILES WILLS.

BROUGHT to my houſe, on the 9th of January, at night, by ſome perſon unknown, a ſmall NEGRO BOY, who ſays his name is John, and that he belongs to John Johnſon of Hanover; he was ſent to me by ſome perſon that came down with a cart load of wheat. The owner may have him on proving his property, and paying charges, by applying to me, in Williamſburg.

JAMES SOUTHALL.

For WHITEHAVEN,

THE ſhip OLIVE, Captain William Barraſs, lies at Broadways, on Appomattox, will ſail early in April, having three fourths of her cargo engaged, can take in about one hundred hogſheads of tobacco, on liberty of conſignment. For terms apply to Mr. Bolling Starke, in Peterſburg, or us at Norfolk. GREENWOOD, RITSON, & MARSH.

JUST arrived in James river the Elizabeth, Capt. Leitch, with a cargo of choice healthy indented SERVANTS; the ſale of which will begin at Peterſburg on Monday the 14th of this inſtant, March. Among them are the following tradeſmen, to wit, blackſmiths, braziers, edge tool makers, bricklayers and plaſterers, ſhoemakers, ſtone maſons, carpenters, joiners, and cabinet makers, cloth weavers, ſtocking weavers, barbers and peruke makers, gardeners, farmers, labourers, and huſbandmen, book keepers, and ſchoolmaſters, tailors, ſilk dyers, bakers, painters, leather dreſſers, ſawyers, butchers, a ſteward, groom, and ſurgeon, &c. I will ſell them very cheap for ready money, tobacco, or wheat, For thoſe on credit, bond and ſecurity will be required.

THOMAS SMITH.

To be SOLD, at Caroline courthouſe, on Thurſday the 10th of March, if fair, if not, the next fair day,

FIFTEEN choice Virginia born SLAVES. One third muſt be ready money, and credit for the remainder until April 1775, giving bond, with approved ſecurity. Six per cent. diſcount for ready money.

2* THOMAS SLAUGHTER.

THIS is to inform the public that the ſubſcriber has opened TAVERN in the ordinary lately occupied by Mrs. Betty Todd, at Todd's Bridge, and will endeavour to entertain ſuch gentlemen as will be kind enough to favour him with their company in the moſt genteel manner.

1* PHILIP PENDLETON, junior.

EDWARD WALL,
AN EMINENT TAILOR,
(living in Richmond county, near Farnham church)

BEGS leave to inform the public that he has juſt imported all the neweſt faſhions from London, and propoſes to work on the following terms:

	£.		
For making a dreſs ſuit,	1	5	0
For making a plain ſuit,	1	1	6
For making a Newmarket,	0	10	0
For a lady's riding dreſs,	1	5	0

Cloaks of different kinds of different prices; for READY MONEY, OR SHORT CREDIT.

Thoſe ladies and gentlemen who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom may depend on having their work done in the neateſt and beſt manner. 2*

ESSEX, February 26, 1774.

THE ſubſcriber intends to leave the colony for a few months.

3* WILLIAM FERGUSON.

STRAYED from the ſubſcriber, ſome time ago, a ſmall dark bay mare, one of her hind feet white, 4 feet 6 or 7 inches high, with a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, is 4 years old, docked, but not branded. Whoever brings the ſaid mare to me, living near Col. Harwood's mill, in Warwick county, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS.

3 WILLIAM CLARK.

RICHMOND, February 10, 1774.

THE ſubſcriber moſt humbly ſubmits himſelf to the generoſity of his creditors, and begs their indulgence for ſome months. He flatters himſelf, by prudence and induſtry, to make an honourable payment of all his debts. But ſhould his creditors prove rigorous to him, in his preſent ſituation, it would defeat the honeſty of his intention, and render him unable to comply with his future expectations. The ſubſcriber therefore hopes the permiſſion of his creditors to collect the numerous debts due to him, and alſo to remove to Stevenſburg, in the county of Frederick. WILLIAM GLASCOCK, jun.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in April laſt, a Virginia born Negro named Charles, of ſmall ſtature, about 50 years of age, a little grey, has a large mouth, and thick lips, and is by trade a ſhoemaker. He formerly belonged to the Jones's and the late William Montague, of Middleſex, and had a wife at Colonel Gawin Corbin's, which makes it probable he is lurking in that neighbourhood, or on the Dragon, where he is well acquainted, or in the lower end of Eſſex. Whoever will convey him to me, at Morattico, in Lancaſter county, ſhall have a reward of FIVE POUNDS, or TWENTY SHILLINGS for ſecuring him in any gaol, and giving me notice thereof ſo that he may be had again, beſides what the law allows.

4 RAWLEIGH DOWNMAN.

To be LET, on CHARTER, for Madeira, Spain, or any part of Portugal,

THE brig MOLLY, Thomas Price, maſter, now lying at Norfolk; a good double decked veſſel, and will carry about five or ſix thouſand buſhels of grain. For terms apply to the ſaid maſter, who has for SALE, on very reaſonable TERMS, a QUANTITY of good SALT.

A SOBER, well diſpoſed man, capable of teaching children to read and write, may meet with employment by application to CHARLES CARTER, of Corotoman, Lancaſter county.

THE aſſignees under the ſtatute of bankruptcy againſt Meſſ. Perkins and Brown, late of London, merchants, and partners with Mr. Buchanan, have ſent us a power of attorney to collect the debts due to the ſaid partnerſhip in this colony.

CHARLES YATES,
ROBERT PRENTIS.

YORICK,

WHOSE pedigree and performances are ſufficiently known to ſportſmen, will cover this ſeaſon at his uſual price of THREE POUNDS, and FIVE SHILLINGS to the groom; the money expected to be paid when the mares are taken away. Good paſturage is given, but will not be anſwerable for eſcapes. He ſtands at Mount Airy, in Richmond county, quite freſh, and in high health and vigour, where due care will be taken by the public's moſt humble ſervant,

JOHN WHELDON.

THE copartnery of the ſubſcribers will expire on the firſt of June next; therefore all perſons indebted to them are requeſted to ſettle their accounts and make payment. As ſufficient time has already been granted to many for that purpoſe, thoſe who fail therein, by the enſuing meeting of the merchants in Williamſburg, may depend on ſuits being then brought againſt them, without farther application. Thoſe who have any demands againſt them are deſired to make them known, and they will be paid. The buſineſs, in the mean time, will be carried on as uſual.

HECTOR MAC ALESTER & company.

To be SOLD, at public ſale, on Wedneſday the 30th of March, at Eagle's Neſt, in Stafford,

A QUANTITY of faſhionable PLATE, and all the HOUSHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE; alſo ſeveral valuable SLAVES, men, women, and children. Credit will be given till the 30th of March 1776, for all ſums above 40l. and all bonds not paid in a month after that time, to bear intereſt from the day of ſale. Bond and ſecurity to be given to the Honourable John Tayloe, the executor of Charles Carter, deceaſed, and Joſeph Jones, Eſquire.

FINDING it more convenient to forward my intentions in going to the Ohio than ſtaying till the time I mentioned in my former advertiſement, I give this notice, I intend ſitting out about the laſt of March, or beginning of April next.

BENJAMIN JOHNSTON.

NOTICE is hereby given to the gentlemen officers and ſoldiers, who claim land under his Majeſty's proclamation of the 7th of October 1763; having obtained warrants from his Excellency the Right Honourable the Earl of Dunmore, directed to the ſurveyor of Fincaſtle county, and intends to locate their lands on or near the Ohio, below the Great Kanhawa; that ſeveral aſſiſtant ſurveyors will attend at the mouth of the New River, or Great Kanhawa, on Thurſday the 14th day of April next, to ſurvey for ſuch only as have or may obtain his lordſhip's warrant for that purpoſe. I would therefore requeſt that the claimants, or their agents, will be very punctual in meeting at the time and place above mentioned, properly provided with chain carriers, and other neceſſaries, to proceed on the buſineſs, without delay. As ſeveral gentlemen, who are acquainted with that part of the country, are of opinion, that to prevent inſults from ſtrolling parties of Indians, there ought to be at leaſt fifty men on the river, below the mouth of the Kanhawa, to attend the buſineſs in ſuch a manner as the gentlemen preſent judge moſt proper, until it is finiſhed, or the ſeaſon prevent them from ſurveying any more. Should the gentlemen concerned be of the ſame opinion, they will doubtleſs furniſh that, or any leſs number of men, they may believe neceſſary. It is hoped the officers, or their agents, who may have land ſurveyed, particularly ſuch as do not reſide in the colony, will be careful to ſend the ſurveyors fees when the certificates are demanded.

WILLIAM PRESTON,
Surveyor of Fincaſtle.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in King & Queen, about the firſt inſtant (February) two Negroes. One a noted old fellow named John, who was coachman to the late ſpeaker; he carried away with him two yellow livery cloth coats and waiſtcoat and breeches, a blue cloth coat, and ſome other clothes. His ſon Robin, a very likely young fellow, about 5 feet 10 inches high; he had on two Kendal cotton waiſtcoats and breeches. They were ſeen together a few days after, at Mr. Peter Lyons's, in Hanover, as I have been informed, and paſſed as on an errand of mine to Richmond town. This is to requeſt the favour of any perſon having knowledge of the ſaid ſlaves, or either of them, to give me the earlieſt notice; or if apprehended, ſo that I get them again, ſhall receive what the law allows.

WILLIAM GRIFFIN.

YORK town, June 9, 1773.

THE ſubſcribers being very ſolicitous to comply with the will of their teſtator, the late Honourable William Nelſon, deſire that all perſons who were indebted to him will endeavour to make as ſpeedy payments as poſſible. Thoſe who have accounts open on his books, and who cannot immediately diſcharge the balances, are deſired to give their bonds. This requeſt is the more neceſſary, as moſt of the legacies bequeathed by the teſtator are to be paid in ſterling money, and he has directed that his younger ſons fortunes ſhall be placed out at intereſt upon undoubted ſecurities, ſo ſoon as it can be done. Thoſe who have any demands are deſired to make them immediately known.

THOMAS NELSON, | HUGH NELSON,
THOMAS NELSON, jun. | RO. C. NICHOLAS.

To be SOLD, at Tappahannock, on Monday the 18th of April, by virtue of a decree of the honourable general court, bearing date the 10th of April, 1773,

TWO LOTS numbered 47 and 50, and half of a lot number 49, in the town of Tappahannock, on which there is a good dwellinghouſe and ſundry other houſes, lately poſſeſſed by William Ramſay, deceaſed, and by him mortgaged to James Ritchie and company. The widow of the ſaid William Ramſay has a right of dower in the aforementioned lots, but will join in deeds to convey her right. Credit will be allowed the purchaſer till the 25th of October, or perhaps longer, if required, upon giving bond, with approved ſecurity, to bear intereſt from the day of ſale. 6 W. WODDROP, attorney for James Ritchie and company.

FOR SALE,

TWO thouſand acres of exceeding fine LAND for tobacco, wheat, or Indian corn, lying on both ſides of Bull Run, in Loudoun and Prince William; about 300 acres of it are rich low ground and meadow land. It lies within 4 miles of two merchant mills, and about 10 miles of two other merchant mills in Loudoun, 30 miles from Colcheſter, Alexandria, and Dumfries. If any perſon or perſons incline to purchaſe the whole, or any part of the ſaid lands, they may be ſhewn them, and know the terms, by applying to Capt. Francis Peyton, in Loudoun county, who has full power to treat for the ſame, or to the ſubſcriber. It may be laid off in lots of two, three, or four hundred acres (as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers) with an equal quantity of lowground and meadow land to each lot. ROBERT BURWELL.

ALL perſons indebted to the ſtores lately kept by Hunters and Taliaferro, in Frederickſburg and Falmouth, are deſired immediately to pay off their balances to Mr. Benjamin Day, in Frederickſburg, who is properly authorized to receive the ſame. Thoſe who fail may depend their accounts will be put in ſuit, without reſpect to perſons, as it is out of my power to give any further indulgence.

3* JOHN TALIAFERRO.

To be SOLD, on Monday the 28th inſtant, February, at the late dwellinghouſe of Capt. Thomas Dixon, deceaſed, in Elizabeth City,

ALL the perſonal eſtate of ſaid Thomas Dixon, conſiſting of houſhold and kitchen furniture, horſes, cattle, hogs, corn, fodder, and tobacco, a riding chair and harneſs, and fifteen NEGROES, among which are ſome valuable fellows; the terms to be made known at the day of ſale. All perſons that have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate are deſired to make them known particularly, whether it be on bills of exchange, judgments, mortgages, bonds, or otherwiſe; and thoſe indebted to ſaid eſtate to make immediate payment to

JAMES W. BAYLEY, Sub-ſheriff.

APOLLO

STANDS at NEWPORT, and will begin to cover mares the firſt of April, at FIVE POUNDS the ſeaſon; the money to be paid when the mares are taken away. Should that not be convenient, a note of hand ſent, payable in October, at the Frederickſburg races, will do. Good paſturage will be found, and the greateſt juſtice ſhall be done the mares; but I will not be anſwerable for any that may get away. I propoſe taking corn, wheat, peaſe, &c. at the market price, as I imagine it may not ſuit every one to pay caſh. ALEXANDER SPOTSWOOD.

RICHMOND TOWN, February 1, 1774.

THE partnerſhip of Carter and Trent being this day diſſolved, all perſons indebted thereto are deſired to make immediate payment, or give bond for their reſpective balances. Such as fail to comply with this requeſt will be ſued, without farther notice. The debts due from the partnerſhip will be paid by Peter Field Trent. The ſtores in which Mr. Carter was concerned will be continued, and ſupplied as formerly, by ſaid Trent.

EDWARD CARTER,
PETER FIELD TRENT.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by CLEMENTINA RIND, at the NEW PRINTING OFFICE, on the Main Street. All Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE at 12*s*6 per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inſerted for 3*s*. the firſt Week, and 2*s*. each Time after; and long ones in Proportion.